## SCH 3U Test Review

- 1) What is the law of conservation of mass?
- 2) What is meant by the term binary compound?
- 3) What is a polyatomic ion?
- 4) What does '-ate', 'ite', 'per', and 'hypo-ite' mean in terms on the number of oxygen atoms an oxyanion contains.
- 5) What is the name difference between  $H_2O_2$  and  $H_2O$ ?

## Be able to:

- Recognize and name various compounds
  - o This includes multivalent, ionic, covalent, polyatomic, and acids
- Write chemical formulas
- Balance equations

Aluminum oxide

co carban monoxide

LiHCO3 lithium bicarbanate

CS2 cabe bun disulfide

HgO mercury (II) aide

H2S(aq) hydrosulfunc acid

H1(g) hydrogen iodide gas

Cr(CIO)3 chromium (III) hypochlorie

Na2O2 Sodium peroxide

CO2 carban dioxide

Ba(CIO3)2 banum chlorale

Co(NO3)2 cobalt (II) nitrale

$\cap$ $\cap$
Cesium bromide
Aluminum sulfide $A_2 > 3$
Strontium chlorate $S_1((10_3)_2)$
Cobalt (II) nitrate
Cadmium fluoride
Silver oxide Ag20
Silver bromide AGB(
Lead (II) sulfite
Aluminum sulfate Again Al <sub>2</sub> (504
Dinitrogen pentoxide V205
Magnesium perchlorate Mg(CI O4) 2
Hydrosulfuric acid H2 (24)
Sodium carbonate
Carbon disulfide CS2
Calcium nitride C23 N2
Zinc carbonate $2nCO_3$
Ammonium oxalate (NH4)ZCZO4
Barium hydroxide B2(OH)Z
Perchloric acid HCl Oday
Magnesium iodide MaI 2
Potassium hypochlorite
Aluminum sulfate $A_2(504)_3$
Sulfur hexafluoride SF6
Hydrogen peroxide

 $P_2CI_{10}$ Hg2(NO2)2 mercury NH₄OH PbSO<sub>4</sub>  $NO_2$ Mn(BrO3)2 magaese H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3(aq)</sub>  $Co_2(SO_4)_3$ SnF<sub>4</sub>  $Ni(NO_3)_3$ ZnS KMnO<sub>4</sub> HF<sub>(g)</sub> Fe(OH)<sub>3</sub>  $SCI_2$ HCIO<sub>(aq)</sub>  $MgCO_3$ CCI<sub>4</sub> KCIO<sub>2</sub> Agl ZnCO<sub>3</sub>  $H_3PO_{4(aq)}$ MnCl<sub>4</sub>