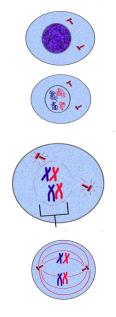
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MEIOSIS

►	Involve	es 2 (	reproduction)
►		material is exchanged (	)
►	Involve	9S	with
	no		_ of DNA in between
►	Each s	pecies has a	
▶	For example humans:		
	•	total number of chromosomes is	
	►	number is 46	
	►		
	•	the number of chromosomes in the	(sex
		cells, egg and sperm) is the	
►	Other	examples	
	•	crayfish 2n = fruit flies	2n =

# PHASES OF MEIOSIS



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## **INTERPHASE:**

►	Meiosis is preceded by	
►	The chromosomes have not yet	
►	The chromosomes have	, and the
	begins to	
PRO	PHASE 1:	
►	the chromatin to form	
►	homologous chromosomes to form	
МЕТ	APHASE 1:	
►	line up across the or	
	of the cell	
►	of chromosomes attach to	
	PHASE 1:	
►		
	and move along spindle fibres towards the	or
	of the cell	
TELC	OPHASE 1AND CYTOKINESIS:	
►	The cell begins to into two	
►	Each daughter cell can get	of
	and	
	chromosomes.	

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### **PROPHASE 2:**

The cell has divided into \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### **METAPHASE 2:**

As in Meiosis I, the	_ line up on the spindle
fibers.	

▶	to the way they were aligned in
metaphase I	
ANAPHASE 2:	

\_\_\_\_\_\_ splits and

\_\_\_\_\_ (single-stranded chromosomes) move to

opposite \_\_\_\_\_

#### **TELOPHASE 2:**

	With the formation of		, meiosis is over
--	-----------------------	--	-------------------

Each of these sex cells carry \_\_\_\_\_\_ the number of

\_\_\_\_\_ of

\_\_\_\_\_ cells. Therefore, we call them \_\_\_\_\_.