Food Chain, Food Webs, Food Pyramids

A comprehensive look at organizing ecological relationships

Ecology Petinitions

- * Food Chain: An interaction that connects organisms based on the order in which they feed on one another.
 - * Energy is continuously lost from all levels of the food chain.

Ecology Petinitions

- * Food Web: A group of food chains from one community or ecosystem that are connected together
 - * Highly complex, consumer feed on many species
 - * Useful tool to figure out what may happen when species are removed from or added to an ecosystem.

Ecology Petinitions

* Trophic Level: Feeding level of one or more organisms in a food web/chain

* Food Chain:

* Food Chain:



* Food Chain:

Nuts

Squirrel

* Food Chain:

Nuts

Squirrel

Weasel

* Food Chain:

Nuts

Squirrel

Weasel

Bear

* Food Chain:

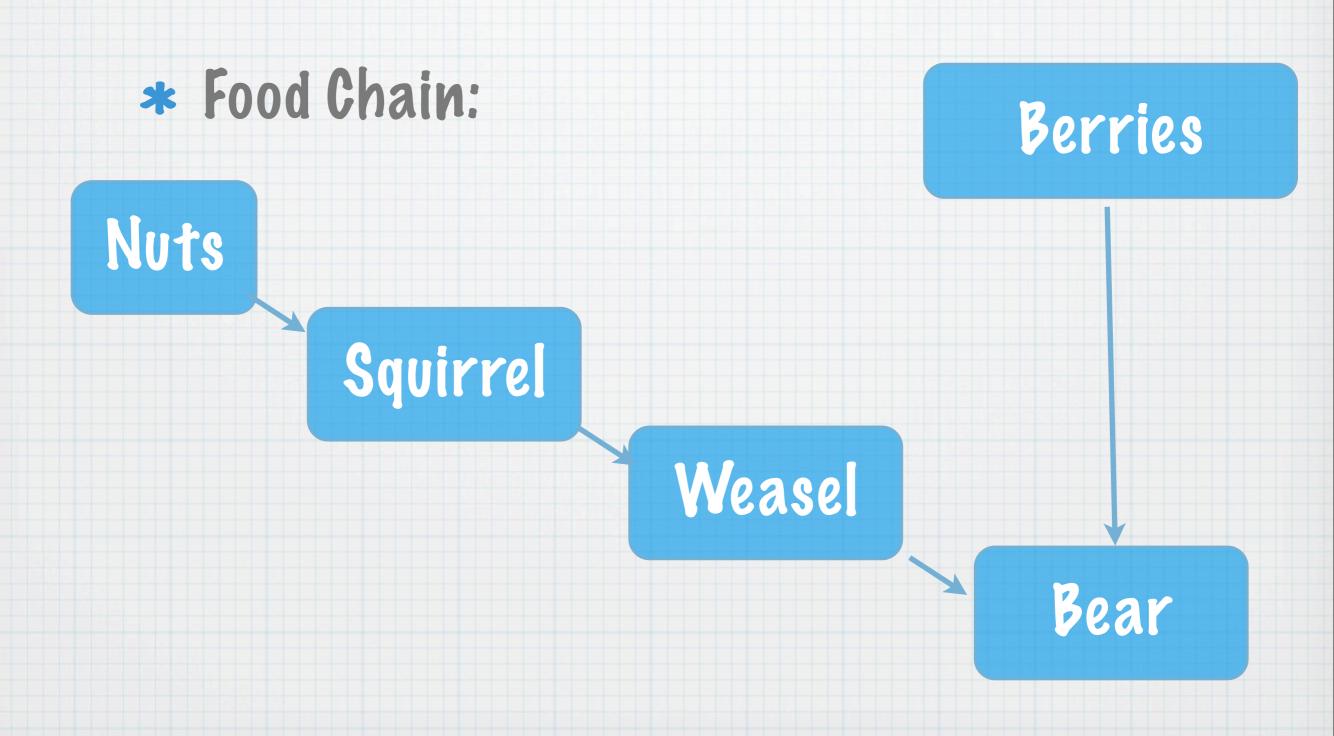
Berries

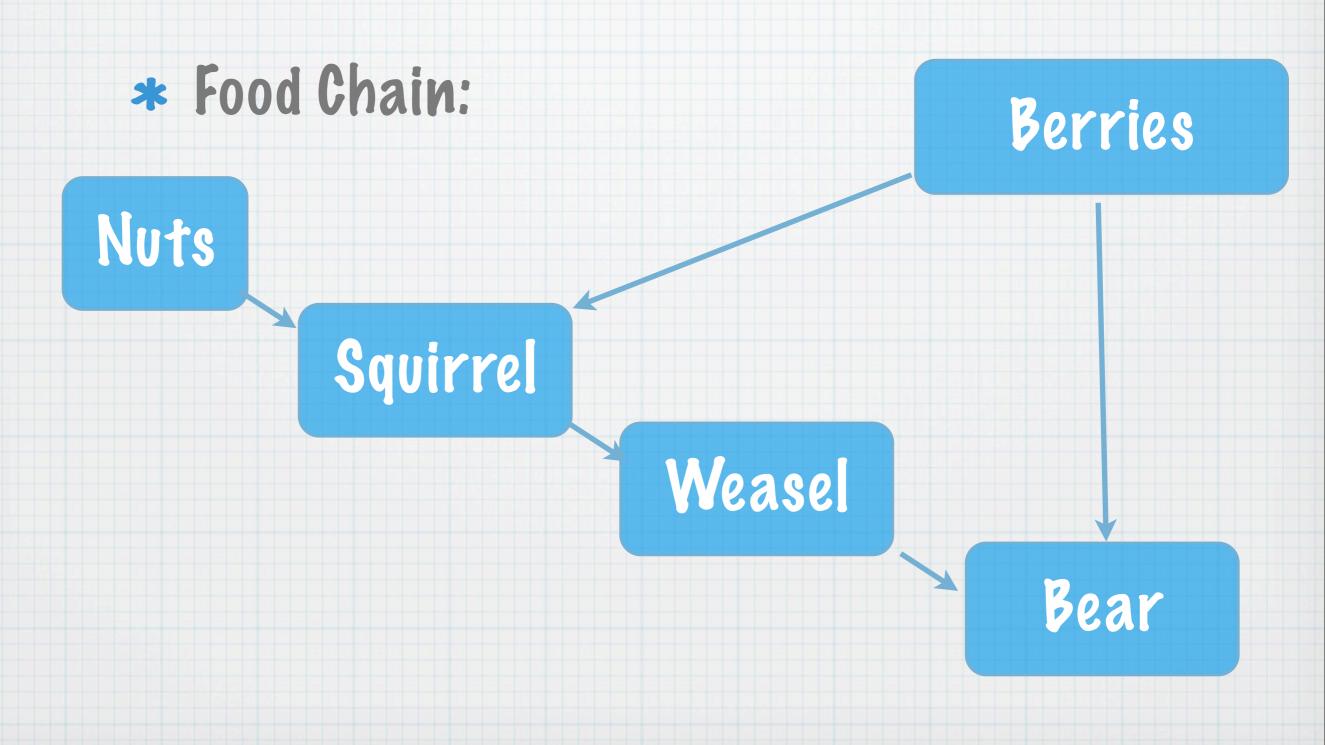
Nuts

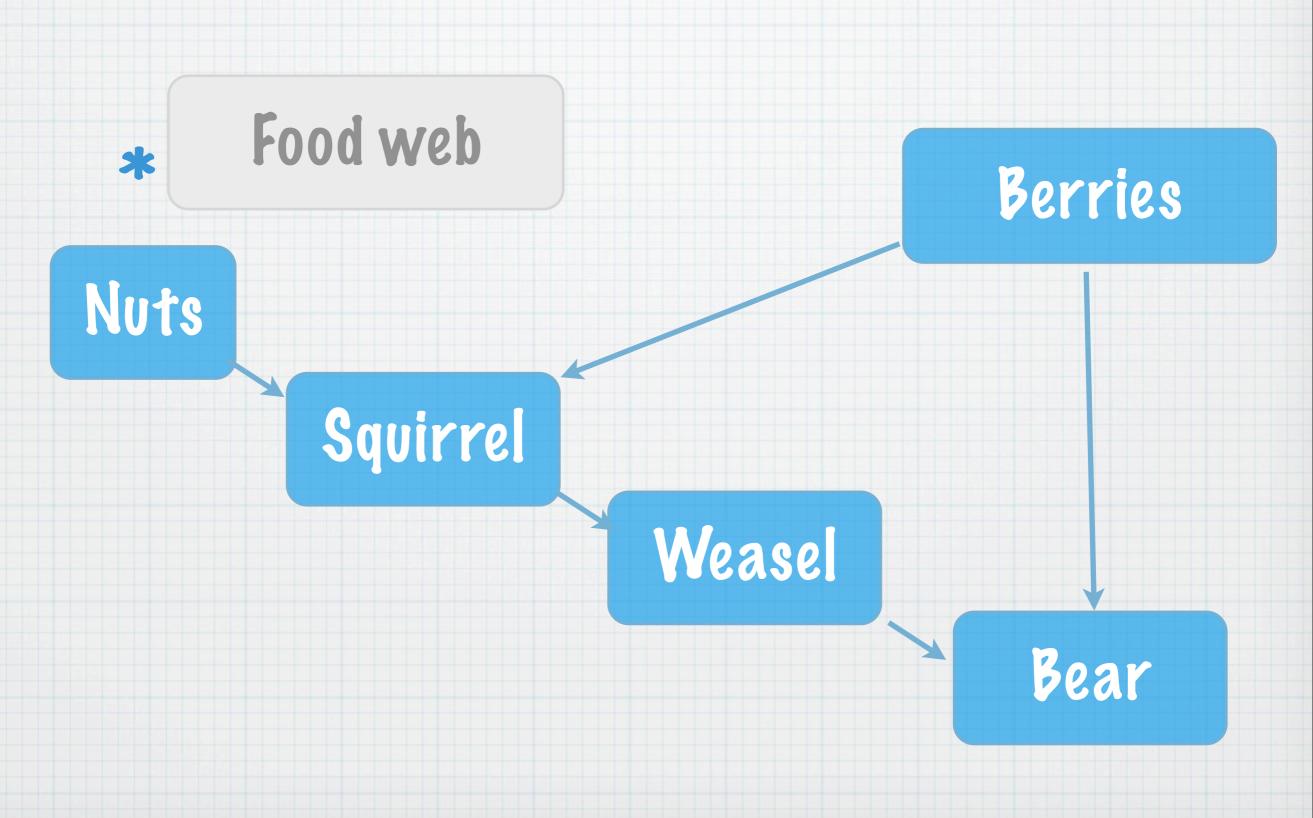
Squirrel

Weasel

Bear







Food Web Pefinitions

- * Producers: Plants that carry out photosynthesis.
- * Herbivore: An organism that consumes only plant material.
- * Carnivore: An organism that eats other species of animals.
- * Omnivore: An animal that consumes other species of animals and plant materials.

Food Web Petinitions

- * Decomposers: Various bacteria and fungi that break down dead materials and animal wastes and extract remaining nutrients.
- * Scavenger: Consumer that feeds on the body of large dead animals.
- * Parasite: An animal or plant that lives in or on another from which is obtains nourishment.

Ecological Pyramids

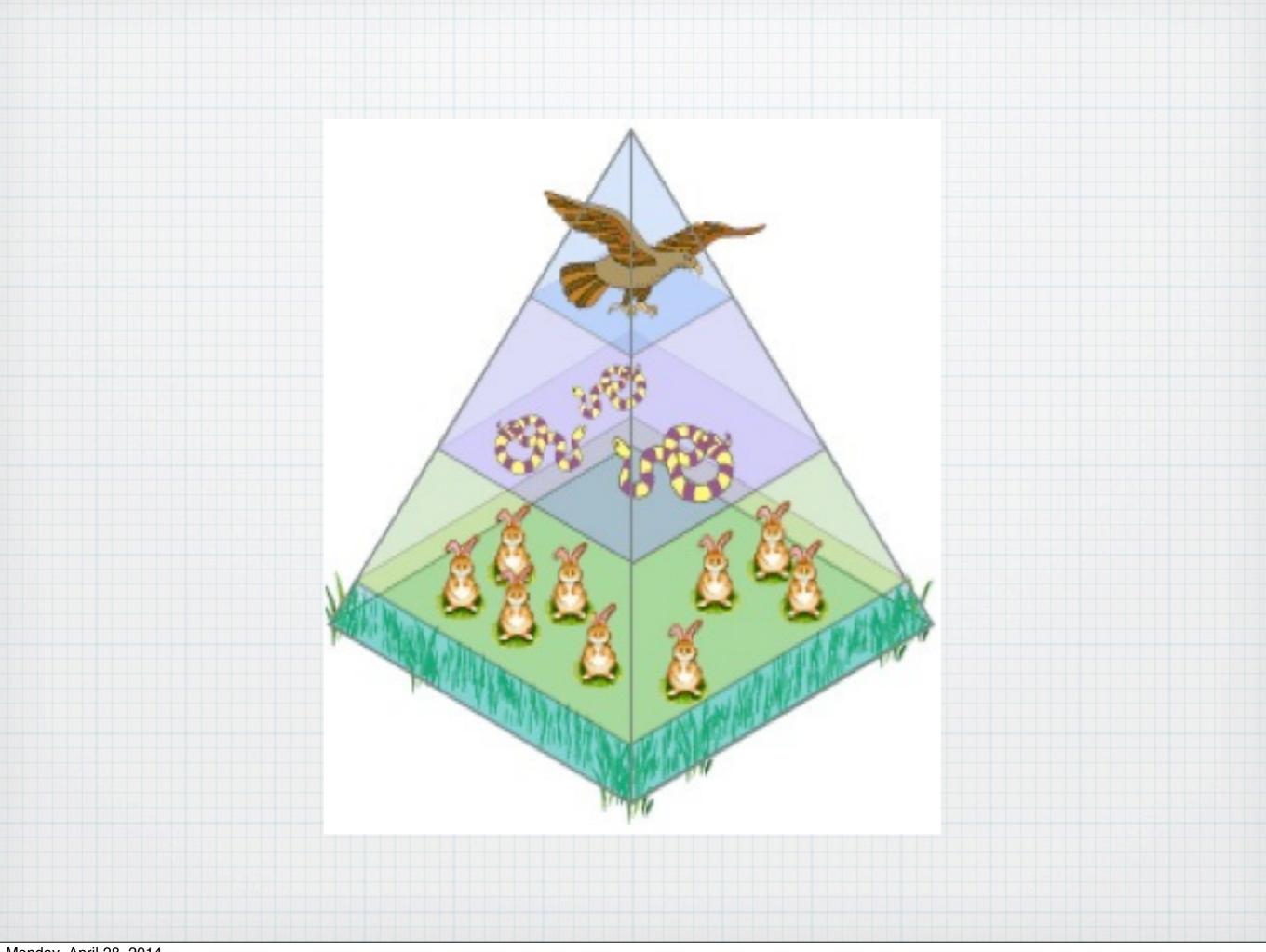
* Ecological pyramids display relationships between the trophic levels in an ecosystems

Tertiary Consumers

Secondary Consumers

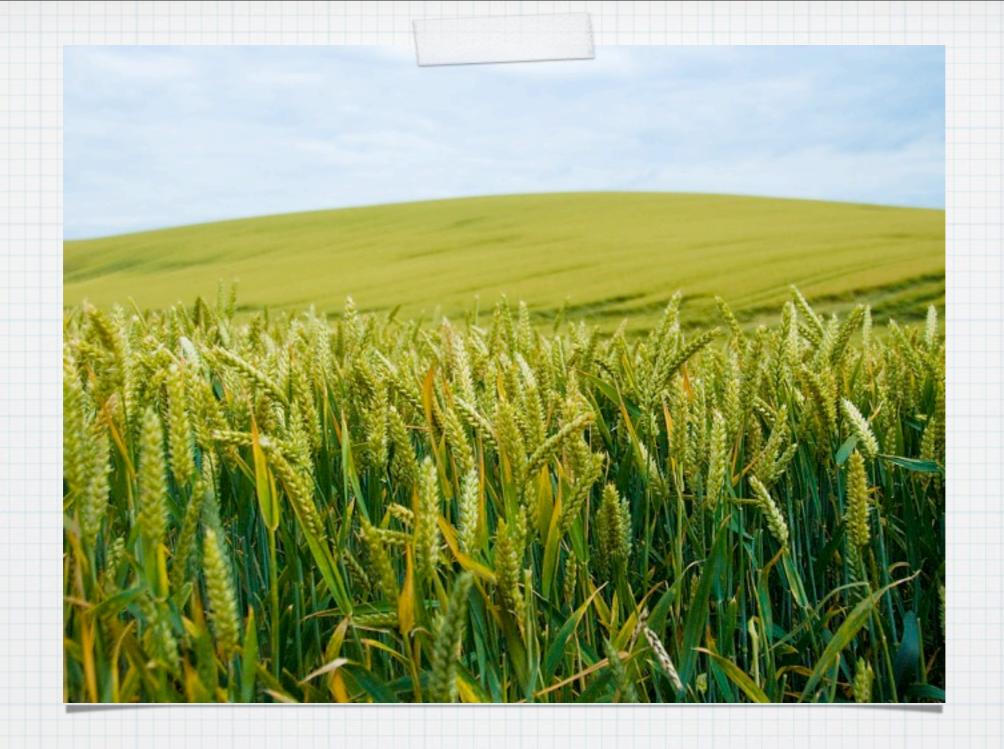
Primary Consumers

Producers



Homework

- * Complete Try This' on pg 45
- * Answer Questions 1,2,3,5,7,8 on page 47



Food to Mouth Lab

Energy Efficiency

* Pounds of potatoes that can be grown on an acre:

* 40,000 lbs

* Pounds of beef produced on an acre:

* 250 lbs