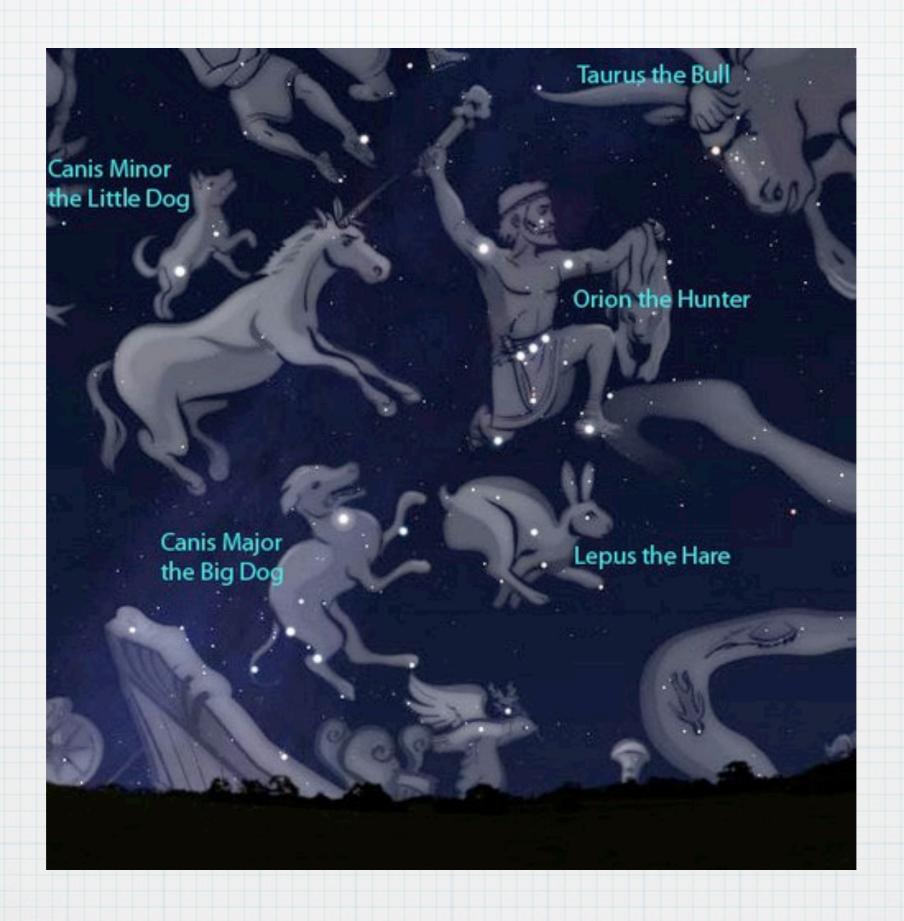
Patterns in the Night Sky

Constellations

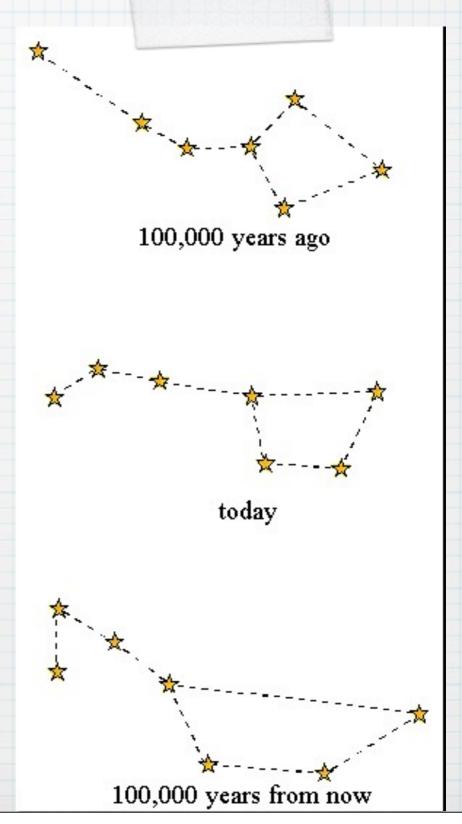
- * A grouping of stars observed from Earth.
 - * The sky is divided into 88 regions associated with patterns of stars or constellations.



The Stars are Moving...

* While today's constellations are the same as seen in ancient times, stars are not in the exact same location as they once were.



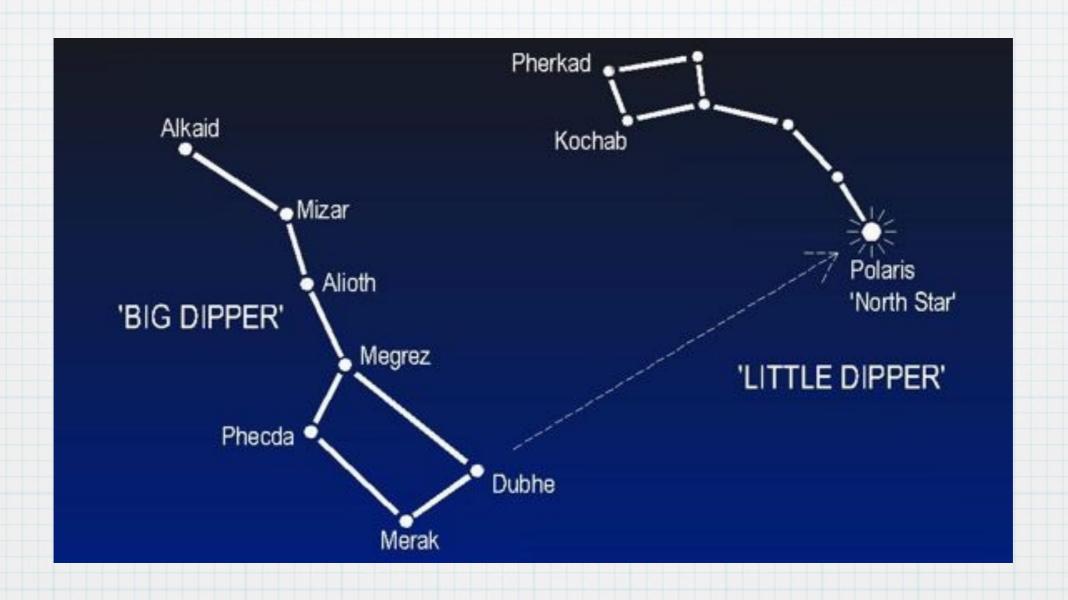


The Stars are Moving...

- * This is because the stars are moving away from each other due to the expanding Universe.
- * Also, because of Earth's rotation the stars (and the constellations) always appear to be moving in the sky.

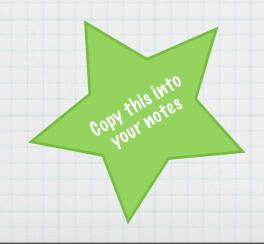
Pointer Stars...

* The two stars at the end of the bowl of the Big Dipper are called the "Pointer Stars" because a line drawn between them points to Polaris, the North Star.



Pointer Stars...

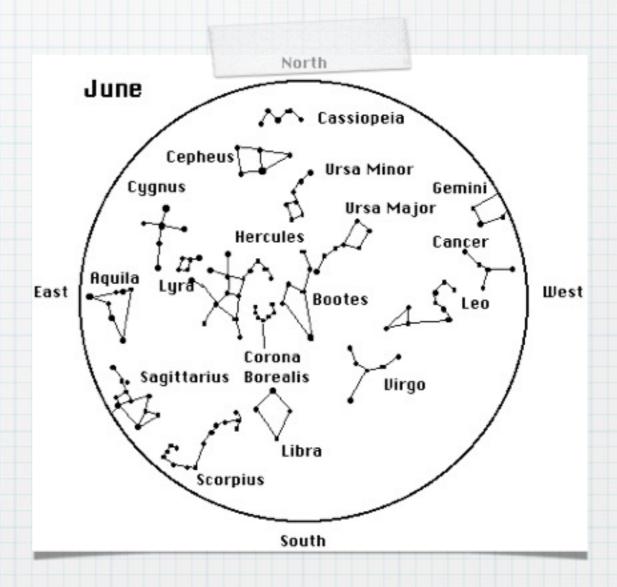
- * The Big Dipper is a circumpolar asterism
 - * It stays above the horizon all night as it apparently rotates around Polaris due to the Earth's rotation.



Star Maps

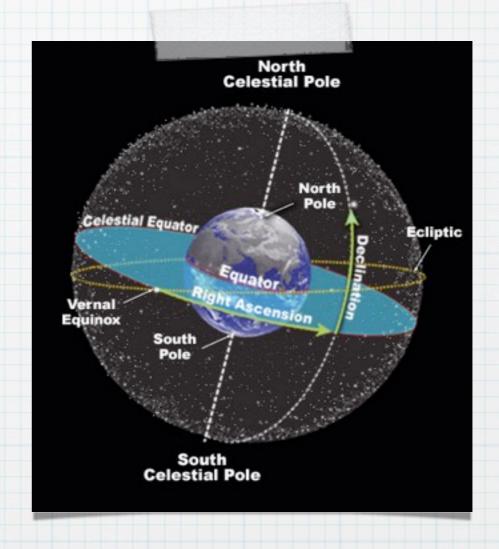
* Shows the relative positions of the stars in a particular part of the sky.





The Celestial Sphere

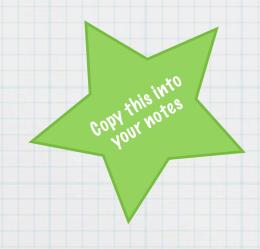
* It is the imaginary sphere that rotates around Earth, onto which all celestial objects are projected.





Navigation using Stars

* Celestial navigation - Using the positions of stars to determine location and direction when traveling.



Navigation using Stars

* The Big Dipper and Polaris were use in the Underground railroad to help slaves escape to Canada.

Culture Connection

* Mayans - built a pyramid (El Castillo) and on the solstices at sunset the shadow formed looks like a snake

Culture Connection

* Stonehenge - may have been used to predict the motions of the Sun (an astronomical calendar)

