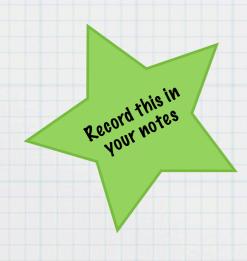
# Chemical and Physical Changes

How to identify if a chemical change has occured





## Physical Changes

- \* In a physical change, the <u>substance</u> involved remains the same, even if it changes shape, size or state.
- \* Therefore, changes of state are physical changes (melting, boiling, condensing etc.).
- \* Physical changes are also often easily reversible (dissolving sugar in water).

# Chemical Changes

- \* In a chemical change, new substances are created.
- \* They are not easily reversible.



# Chemical Changes

- \* Some clues to look for which can help you decide if a chemical change has occurred:
  - \* a new colour appears
  - \* heat or light is given off
  - \* bubbles of gas form
  - \* solid material is formed (precipitate)
  - \* a newodour forms





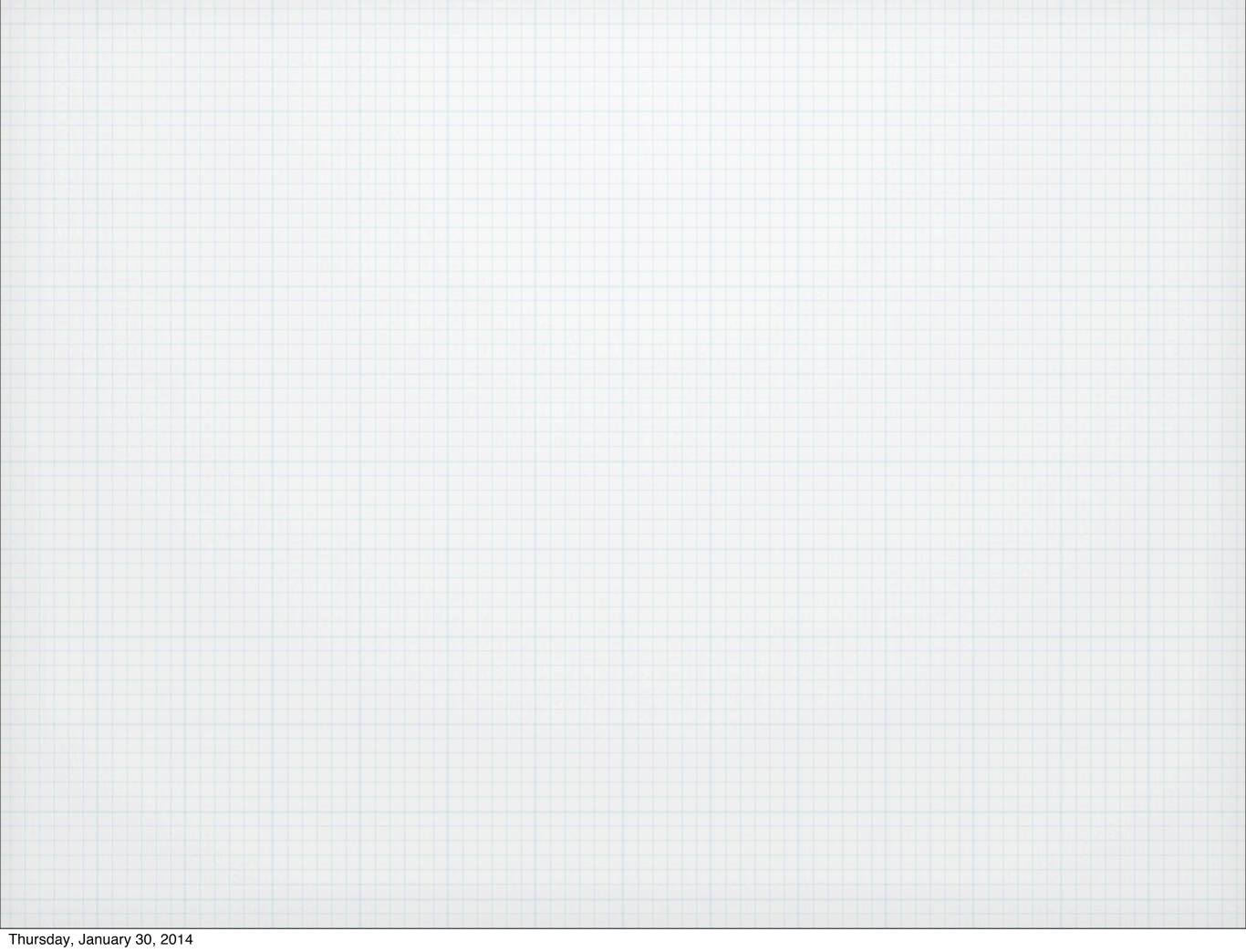
## Energy

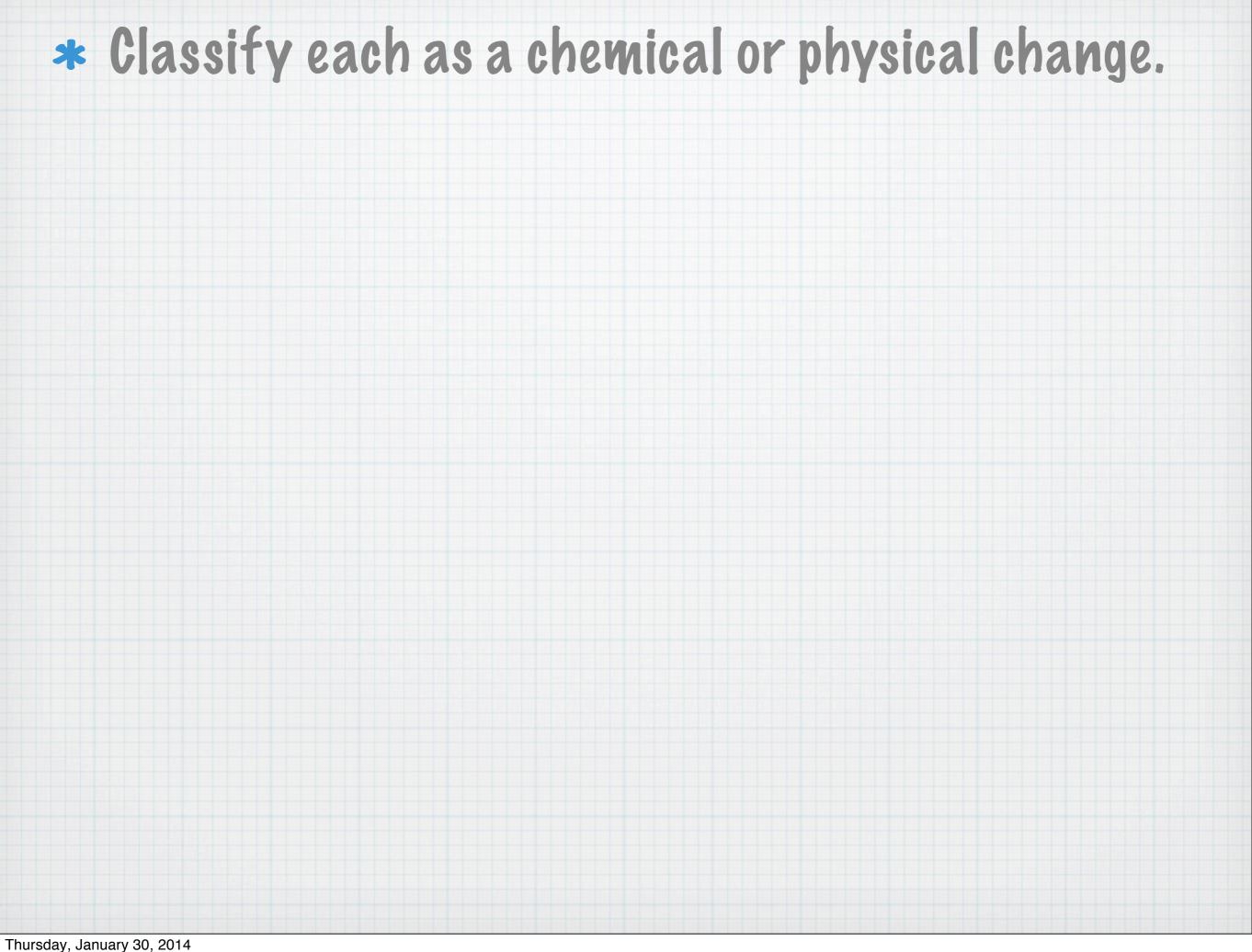
\* In a physical change, the original substance still exists; it has only changed in form. Energy changes usually do not accompany physical changes, except in phase changes an when the substances dissolve.



## Energy

- \* In a chemical change, a new substance is produced. Energy changes <u>always</u> accompany chemical changes.
- \* Chemical changes are always accompanied by physical changes.





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- \* potassium chloride and oxygen gas
- \* iron rusts
- \* ice melts